Wool.—Total wool production in Canada in 1946 amounted to 19,001,000 lb., a reduction of 625,000 lb. from the 1945 output. This reduction was attributable to a decline of over 800,000 lb. in shorn wool production. Increased slaughterings of sheep and lambs resulted in a higher pulled wool output. There were large imports of wool during the year and the apparent domestic disappearance was over 45,000,000 lb. higher than in 1945, but, as data are not available on stocks of wool in storage, the figures for actual consumption in any individual year could be quite different from the apparent disappearance.

Gross income and cash income from shorn wool rose steadily during the war years, but decreased production through 1945 and 1946 has caused a subsequent drop in income. Average farm prices for Canada were 27 7 cents per lb. in both 1945 and 1946.

## 16.—Estimated Production, Exports, Imports and Apparent Consumption of Wool, 1937-46

Note.—All estimates are on a 'greasy' basis. Comparable statistics of production for the years 1920-29 are given at p. 219 of the 1939 Year Book and for 1930-36 at p. 214 of the 1945 edition.

Year	Shorn					Total			Apparent
	Yield per Fleece	Total Yield Shorn	Price per Pound	Total Value Shorn	Pulled	Pro- duction	Exports	Imports	Con- sumption
1937. 1938. 1939. 1940. 1941. 1942. 1943. 1944. 1945. 1946.	1b.  7·2  7·3  7·5  7·4  7·5  7·5  7·6  7·6	'000 lb.  12, 289 12, 000 11, 761 11, 549 11, 630 12, 867 13, 929 15, 128 14, 513 13, 711	cts.  15·4 11·7 13·5 19·3 22·1 25·5 27·0 27·1 27·7	\$ 1,891,000 1,401,000 1,588,000 2,228,000 2,571,000 3,283,000 4,106,000 4,015,000 3,801,000 1	'000 lb. 3,785 3,628 3,489 3,346 3,624 3,610 3,889 4,151 5,113 5,290	'000 lb.  16,074 15,628 15,250 14,895 15,254 16,477 17,818 19,279 19,626 19,001	'000 lb.  5,093 4,398 4,879 2,681 3,025 384 2,316 15,520 11,927 6,409	'000 lb. 60,375 45,101 51,953 86,170 93,070 114,428 104,364 52,690 59,506 100,042	'000 lb.  71, 356 56, 331 62, 324 98, 384 105, 299 130, 521 119, 866 56, 449 67, 205 112, 634

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Subject to revision.

## Subsection 5.—Poultry and Eggs

The number of live poultry on farms in Canada in 1946 was only slightly above the 1945 level, while the value increased by 11 1 p.c. Hens and chickens accounted for the increase in number, since, for Canada as a whole, there were fewer turkeys, geese and ducks than in the previous year. In each case, however, the value was higher than for 1945.

The production of eggs was lower in 1946 than in 1945, due to a reduction of chick hatchings in 1945 as compared with the previous year, and a consequent decrease in 1946 layers. There was also a slight decrease in the production of poultry meat in 1946 as compared with 1945.